Introduction to Filters



Series 350

Master Pneumatic

General Purpose Filters Coalescing Filters



Series 380

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Several Types of Filters Remove Contaminants from Compressed Air

- General Purpose --- Remove water and particulate matter
- Coalescing --- Remove oil and solids of a given size
- Master Pneumatic also manufactures Adsorbing filters designed to remove taste, odors and additional oil vapor. Our Filenco desiccant dryer/filters are designed to filter air, drop pressure dew point, and remove oil mist.



Why Do You Need a Filter?

Dirt, moisture, and oil are everywhere. Several types of contaminants are:

- Particulates such as dust, dirt, pollen, smoke, & exhaust emissions
- Moisture in the form of water droplets
- Oil from the ambient air & compressor oil carryover
- Caustic gases such as sulfur oxides, nitrogen oxides, and chlorine compounds



Vanguard

Note: General Purpose Filters are not designed to remove oil. Instead, use a Coalescing Filter to remove oil.



Did you know that when you compress air up to 125 psig(8.6 Bar), you increase the concentration of contaminants 8 times?

The results of contaminated compressed air are:

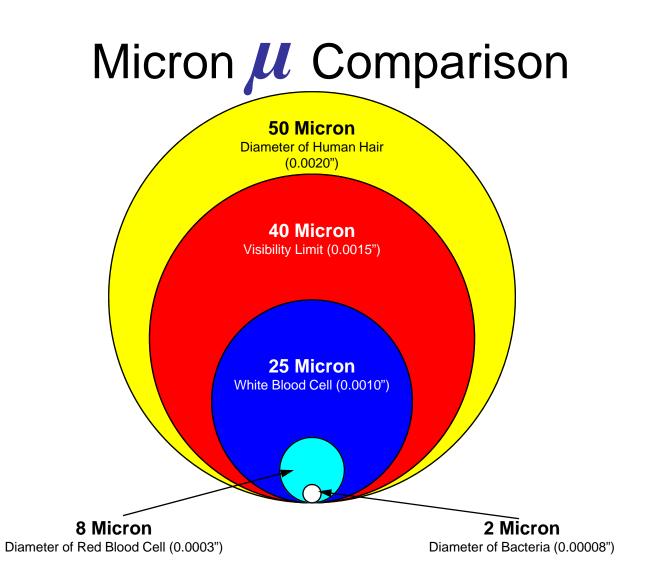
- Premature wearing and scoring of surfaces.
- Rust and corrosion of tools, piping, and equipment
- Damaged instruments
- Spoiled paint surfaces
- Increased scrap rate
- Unsafe/unpleasant work environment



Miniature



Particulates-





General Purpose Filter

- Used in a Compressed Air system to stop dirt, pipe scale, water, and contaminants from passing downstream causing damage.
- Removes contaminating water emulsions and particle removal down to 5 micron.
- Install as close as possible to the component it protects.
- Replace elements frequently for optimal filter performance.
- 5 Micron Polyethylene standard (Some of the larger size products have 40 micron bronze as standard)
- Bronze options E3 (40 micron), E4 (20 micron) E5 (5 micron)





MP General Purpose Filters have the following ranges

- Product port size range from 1/8" to 2"
- Flow Rate from 10 scfm (4.7 l/s) to 1000 scfm (47 l/s)
- Element sizes from 5 um to 40 um
- Float, Auto or Manual drains are available in most product series.
- Other options can be accommodated Consult factory



High Flow Vanguard



MP General Purpose FiltersSeveral families are offered

- Sentry and Miniature Series Polycarbonate bowl is standard. Metal bowl is optional.
- Guardsman Series Polycarbonate bowl with metal shatterguard is standard. Metal bowl optional.
- **Guardsman 2 Series** Metal bowl with sight gauge is standard.
- Vanguard and Vanguard High Capacity Polycarbonate bowl with metal shatterguard is standard. Metal bowl optional with sight gauge. Metal bowl only 1 ¼"-2"
- Series 350 & Series 380 with Color Cap Option Polycarbonate bowl with nylon shatterguard is standard. Metal bowl optional.



Why Master Pneumatic Filters?

- Made in USA
- M/P stands behind the product with a **7 YEAR** warranty
- Vast technical knowledge since 1950
- Product has been proven with 60+ years of service
- Designed for safety and performance



High Flow Vanguard



Filter Maintenance - Elements



- Pressure Drop Replace contaminated filter elements to avoid excess pressure drop.
- NOTE: A 10 psi (0.7 bar) pressure drop is excessive.
- Each compressed air circuit contains different levels of moisture and contaminants.
- Elements should be inspected soon after a new filter is first installed to determine the level of contamination.

Please note that a pressure drop can be critical to the products being operated.

Pressure drop occurs in pipe lines and bends in the piping.





MP offers Several Drains for General Purpose Filters

Internal :

- - » Differential Pressure

*Manual



External: * Warrior Electronic Control

* Hydro-Jector (Float Design)





MP General Purpose Filters Internal Drains

- In many industrial compressed air systems, the "standard" drain is a **manual** type. Maintenance has to visit the location on a regular basis to ensure that free water and the "soup" of contamination that the filter strips from the air is drained before it can re-entrain into the downstream air.
- How often do you think this happens??
- **Float drains** work on the float principal. As water and contamination accumulates in the bottom of the bowl, it will ultimately lift a float, and the air pressure in the bowl will vent to atmosphere through the opening, "blowing" the water from the bowl as it does. When the accumulated water is gone, there's nothing left to "float" the valve operator, and it drops back into the orifice, sealing off the exit from the bowl.



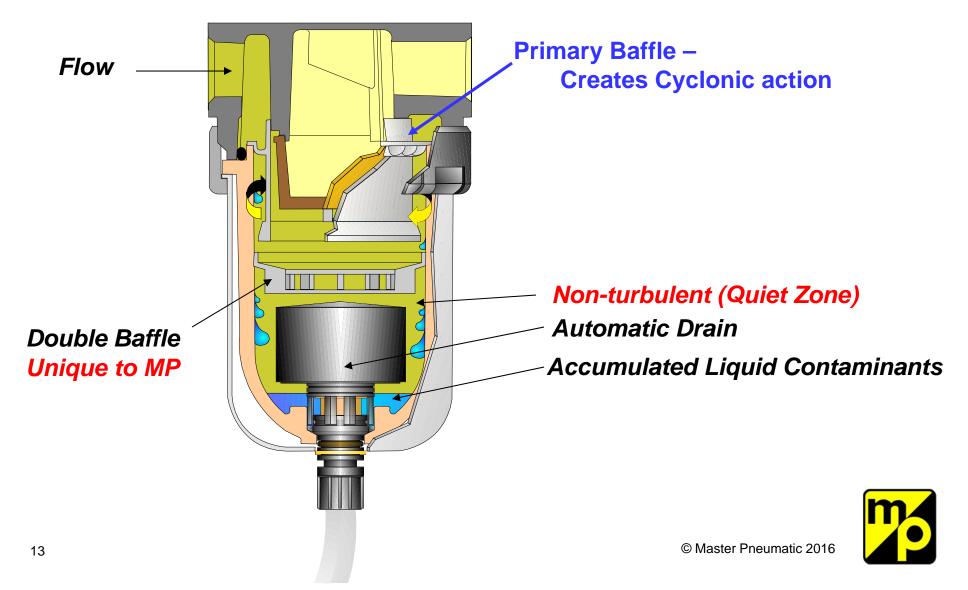


ISO symbol Automatic drain

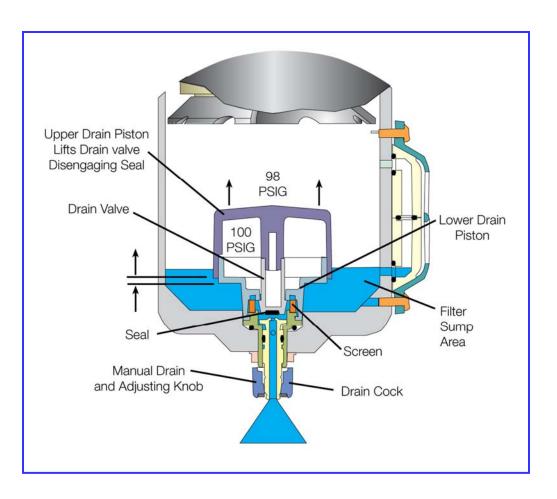


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MP General Purpose Filter Design Internal Drain (Differential Type)



Automatic Internal Drain Operation



- Differential Pressure Design
- Note: There must be a pressure drop across the filter having this type of automatic drain. If the application is continuous flow, a float drain must be used.
- An air filter auto-drain will ensure that the filter bowl is drained as necessary, without operator intervention.



MP General Purpose Filters External Drain Application

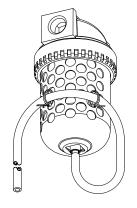
- Use where severe condensation problems exist
- Liquid will drain regardless of air flow and with no loss of air
- Maximum discharge rate approximately 5 gallons (18.9 L) per minute at 100 psig (6.9 Bar).
- Self Flushing action removes contaminated water

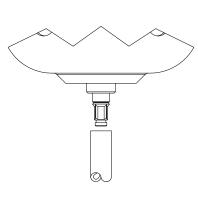


Hydro-Jector



Tube Away





In applications where fluid in the bowl should not be vented into the atmosphere, Tube Away Kits are available to divert the fluid into the proper receptacle.

Available for all general purpose and Coalescent filters, including Sentry and Miniature Filters



General Purpose Filters With External Drains Installed



Assembled in Series 380

Warrior Drain kit

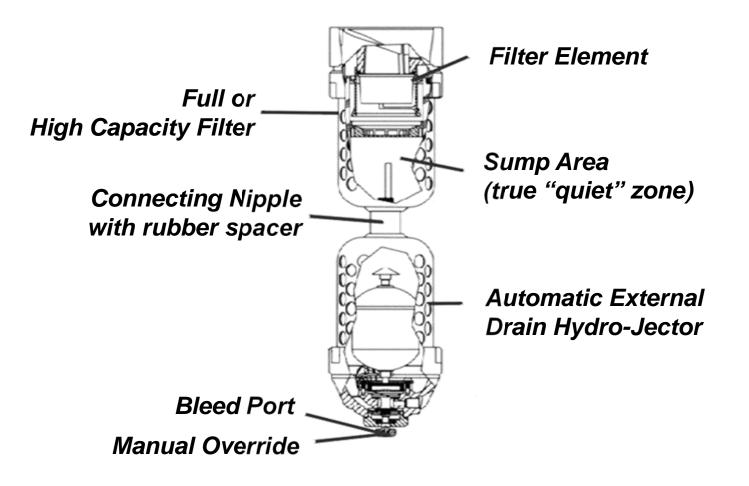
Assembled in High Flow Vanguard





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Automatic External Drain/Filter Installation





Hydro-Jector

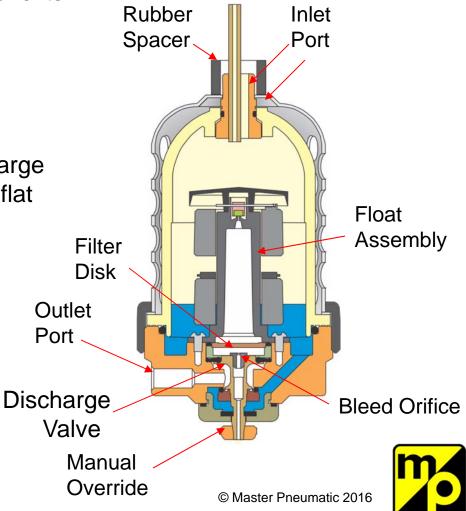
Section View

New Design

New design provides the following benefits:

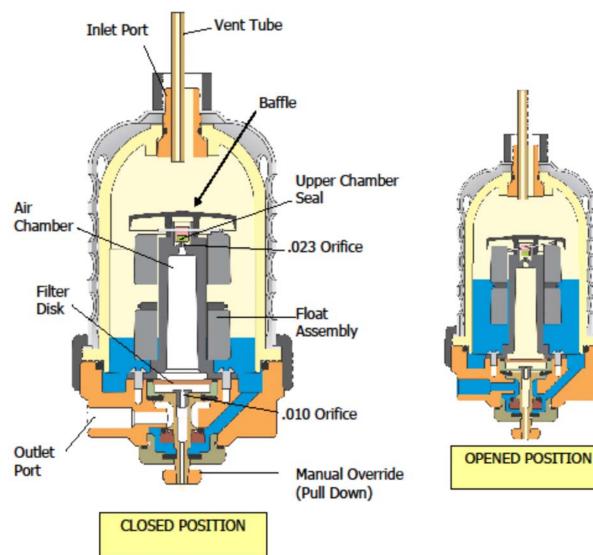
- Improved reliability
- Lower profile
- Less weight
- Improved sealing capacity of Discharge Valve by using "O-Ring" instead of a flat seal

Not recommended where heavy oil or foam is present as can be the case in separators or large aftercoolers



Master Pnuematic Hydro-Jector

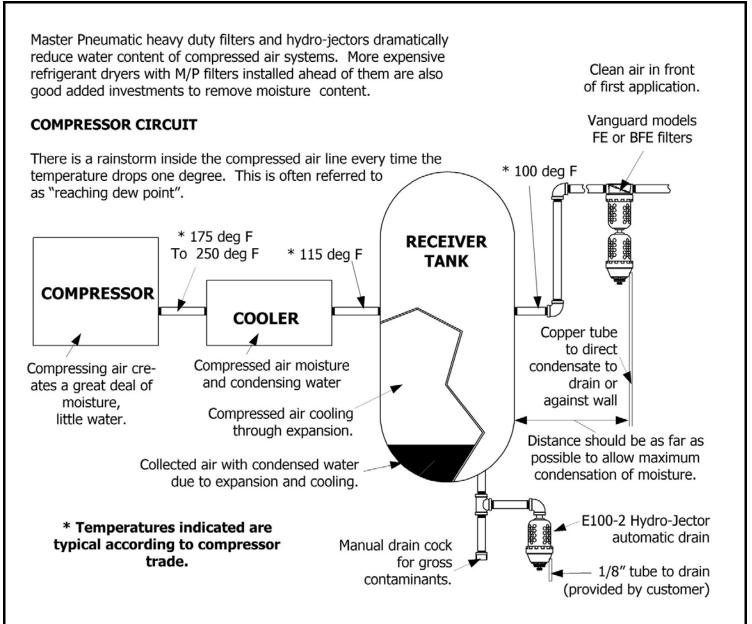
The Hydro-Jector basically is a high flow float drain.



Fluid enters the E100 Hydro-Jector at inlet port. The baffle prevents incoming contaminants from entering the air chamber and minimizes any affect on the float. When enough fluid is present to raise the float, the .023 orifice is opened allowing compressed air into the air chamber. This action forces the piston to open discharge valve allowing fluid to exit the 1/4" port in body. Since the bleed-off screw has a smaller orifice (.010), there is practically zero air loss as the fluid exits the body and the float falls, closing upper chamber seal.



Hydro-Jector Usages





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How to Select MP Filters

Flow requirement SCFM (I/s)

- Pipe size and thread type
- Inlet & Outlet pressure(s)
- Metal or Polycarbonate Bowl
- Drain Type
- Temperature Range
- 1 C_v = 25 SCFM (11.8 l/s) @100 psig (6.9 bar) (ballpark)
- Compressor Horse Power X 4 or 4.5 = SCFM (ballpark)

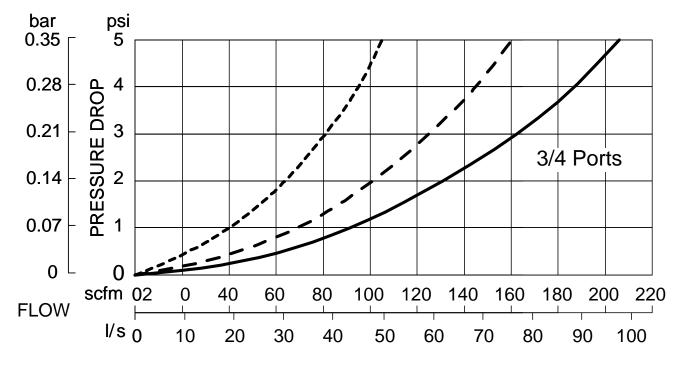
* SCFM

Standard Cubic Feet per Minute (SCFM) is a volumetric flow-rate corrected to a set of "standardized" conditions of pressure and temperature. The standard conditions are often defined as some pressure (e.g., 14.7 psia and some temperature (e.g. 68 F), depending on the "standard" used.



How to Select MP Filters

- Flow requirement- This is critical to using the correct Filter in the application. MP may have several different Filters with a particular port size, but all will have different flow capabilities.
- Typically, you want to specify the product with the lowest pressure drop at your desired flow rate.

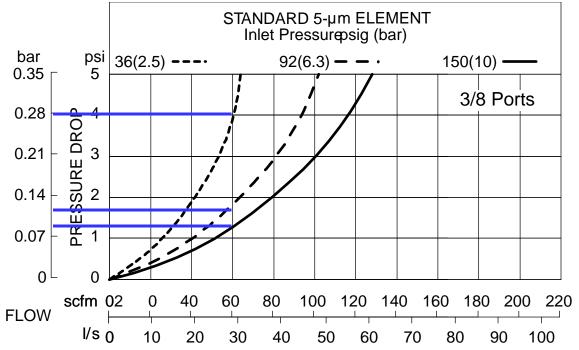




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How to Select MP Filters

 The graph below shows (3) different inlet pressures per the ISO standards. (NOTE: The flow v. pressure drop curves are based on a dry element. A wet element will have lower flow/higher pressure drop ratings).



As shown above, if desired flow is 60 scfm (28 l/s), pressure drop will be higher with lower inlet pressure.

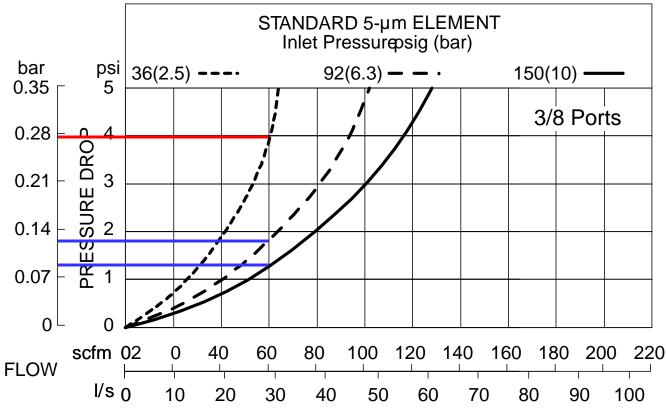
36 psig (2.5 bar) inlet-4 psig (0.28 bar) drop at 60 scfm (28 l/s) 92 psig (6.3 bar) inlet-1.75 (0.12 bar)psig drop at 60 scfm (28 l/s) 150 psig (10 bar) inlet-1.25 psig (0.08 bar) drop at 60 scfm (28 l/s)



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Sizing (cont'd)

In this example, if your inlet pressure is low, you should consider another MP filter that has a lower pressure drop at the desired flow rate. Starting out with a new filter that has a 4 psig (0.28 bar) drop is **not a good practice**.

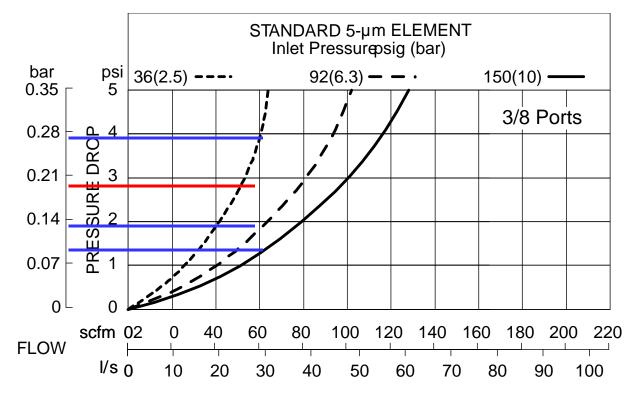


More coarse elements $(20\mu \text{ or } 40\mu)$ will decrease pressure drop but will also allow larger particles to pass downstream.



Sizing (cont'd)

• If your inlet pressure is between the inlet pressures shown, you can <u>approximate</u> where the pressure drop would intersect the flow curve for your inlet pressure. The red line below would show the approximate pressure drop at 60 scfm (28 l/s) with an inlet pressure of 55 psig (3.8 bar).



Contact MP if more exact information is required.
Calculations can be done for other inlet pressures.





This slide and the next slide are also available as a 1 page, front & back handout.

The "Complete Product Sheet" gives an overall picture of MP's range of general purpose filters. See catalog for more detailed information.



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General Purpose Air Filter & Port Sizes.

Boxes that are marked with yellow are available options for the product listed. Numbers and letters inside each yellow box reflects the proper suffix / prefix needed. See Master Pneumatic catalog for complete product breakdown chart.

	TUBING						NPTF AND BSPP PIPE THREADS									
	1/4	3/8	4mm	6mm	8mm	10mm	1/8	1/4	3/8	1/2	3/4	1	1-1/4	1-1/2	2	
FD10	04	08	M4	MB	M8	M10	1	2								
FD50							1	2								
FDBO								2	3	4						
BFD70								2	з	4						
FD100								2	з	- 4	ex					
F5A350								2	з	4						
FD380									з	4	8					
FD100											8	8				
BFD200											8	8	10	12		
F84400													10	12	18	

										8			FLOW BATE	INLET OPERATING PSI	
	1	-	-		8	10100		8	10100	00 Million	15	PORT SIZE	(PSIG Inlet) SCFM @ 5 PSI	1mp	
			- 8			8					FD10	1/4	(100 PS/G) 31 SOFM	15-150 PBIQ	
BOWL (prefix) Metal	8	в	в	8	в	в	8	в	в	в	FDSO	1/8	(100 PSIG) 11 SCFM (100 PSIG) 22 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (plastic bowl) 15-200 PSIG (metal bowl)	
Plastic										_		1/4	(100 PSIG) 46 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (plastic bowl)	
DRAW (profix)	_										FDEO	3/8	(100 PSIG) 65 SCFM	15-150 PS/G (metal bowl) 15-200 PS/G (metal bowl)	
Automatio	FD	FD	FD	FD	FD		FD	FD	FD			1/2	(100 PSIQ) 76 SCFM		
Float - brass stam (only with metal bowl option)				BF6A	BFGA	BF6A	BFGA	BF6A	BF6A		87070	1/4 3/8 1/2	(100 PSIQ) 51 SCFM (100 PSIQ) 70 SCFM (100 PSIQ) 76 SCFM	15-200 PSIG (diff metal bow) 30-200 PSIG (Float metal bow)	
Float - plastic stem				F5A	F5A	FEA	FEA	FEA	F5A	FGA		1/4	(100 PSIG) 42 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (diff plastic bow	
(Only with plastic bowl option) Manual	F	=	=		F						10:00	3/8	(100 PSIG) 81 SCFM	15-200 PBIG (diff metal bow)	
No Drain		LDC			LDC		LDC	LDC	LDC	FTA				30-150 PSIG (float plastic bo 30-200 PSIG (float metal boy	
	cue	Luc			LDC		LDC	LDC	LDC	FTAE				30-200 PSrd (noter meral bow	
Hydro-Jector (Float) ELEMENTS (suffix)	-				LDC		LDC	we	LUC	FIRE	F54350	1/4	(91 PSIG) 52 SCPM (91 PSIG) 65 SCPM	40-125 PSIG (floet plastic box	
S-um bronze	E5	E5	F 5	ES	85	FE	ES	ES		ES	1/2	(91 PSIQ) 72 SOFM	40-175 PSIG (float metal boy		
5-um polyethylene	50	60	60		ED	ED.	20	ED		60	-			AR ARO DOLO MIN ANALY IN A	
20-um bronze	E4	F4	E4	E4	F4	E4	E4	E4				3/8	(92 PSIG) 100 SCFM	15-150 PBIG (diff plastic box 15-200 PBIG (diff metal box 30-150 PBIG (floet plastic box	
40-um bronze	EB	EB	E3	EB	EB	ES	EB	ES		EB	FD380	1/2 3/4	(92 PSI0) 135 SOFM (92 PSI0) 160 SOFM		
BOWL LENGTH (prefs)			-							-			(at rord) too ourse	30-200 PSIG (float metal bow	
Standard										_		3/4	(100 PSIQ) 250 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (diff plastic bow) 15-200 PSIG (diff metal bow)	
Extended				н						_	F0:100			30-150 PBIG (floet plastic bow	
DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE GAUGE				-										30-200 PBIG (float metal bow	
(prefix)												3/4	(100 PSIG) 345 SCFM		
No gauge											BF0200	1-1/4	(100 PSIQ) 450 SCFM (100 PSIQ) 625 SCFM	15-200 PSIG (diff metal bow) 30-200 PSIG (float metal bow)	
Small grupp						8	5	5	8	s			(100 PSIG) 650 SCFM	on a new rate from the set	
Large gruge					L		L			L		1.1/4	(92 PSIQ) 700 SOFM	15-200 PBIG (diff metal bowl)	
Reed switch (normally open)					Ε		Ε	Ε	Ε	ε	BF6A400	1.1/2	(92 PSIQ) 750 SCPM (92 PSIQ) 850 SCPM	30-200 PSIG (float metal bow	
Reed switch (normally closed)					E2		E2	E2	E2	E2	-	4	(W2 PSIU) 850 SCPM		



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To download go to: <u>www.masterpneumatic.com</u>, Catalog & Literature tab; English Version; Catalog; Complete Product Sheets



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What is the purpose of a Coalescing Filter?

- Used in a compressed air system, often to remove oil created by an oillubricated compressor
- Why remove the oil?
 - Can affect product quality
 - Surface blemishes in paint applications
 - Oil can cause seals in pneumatic valves and cylinders to swell causing sluggish operation or, in severe cases, complete seizure.
- Application
 - Use as close as possible before the component it protects
 - Removes contaminating water emulsions and particle removal down to 0.01 microns.
 - Replace elements when gauge indicates to improve effectiveness



Coalescing filters operate the opposite of General Purpose Filters. Air flows from the inside out of the Coalescing Filter element.

The Coalescing element, by having *extremely* fine mesh size 'holes', brings an additional function not available from general purpose elements - removing oil from the compressed air stream.



Coalescing Filter Elements

The elements are epoxy-resin-coated, borosilicate, glass-fiber

How They Work

- Inertial impaction Impact on fibers
- Direct Interception Molecular attraction to fiber
- Diffusion Random Brownian motion



Note:

A 0.3 μ coalescing element is standard and removes 99.99% of oil and solid contaminants larger than 0.3 μ . 0.01 μ element is optional.



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MP Coalescing Filters



High Flow Vanguard

- Product port sizes range from 1/8" to 2"
- Flow Rate from 8 scfm (3.8 l/s) to 840 scfm (396 l/s)
- Element sizes from .3 μ (std) to .01 μ
- Differential pressure gauges are standard on every series except the 10 & 50 series.
- Other options can be accommodated



Differential Pressure Gauges for MP Coalescing Filters

- Used to indicate remaining element life
- Standard on all but Series 10 & 50
- Three versions available





Large - Indicating Clean, Change, Dirty



Large version available with reed switch normally open or normally closed.





Small Slide – Go / No-Go





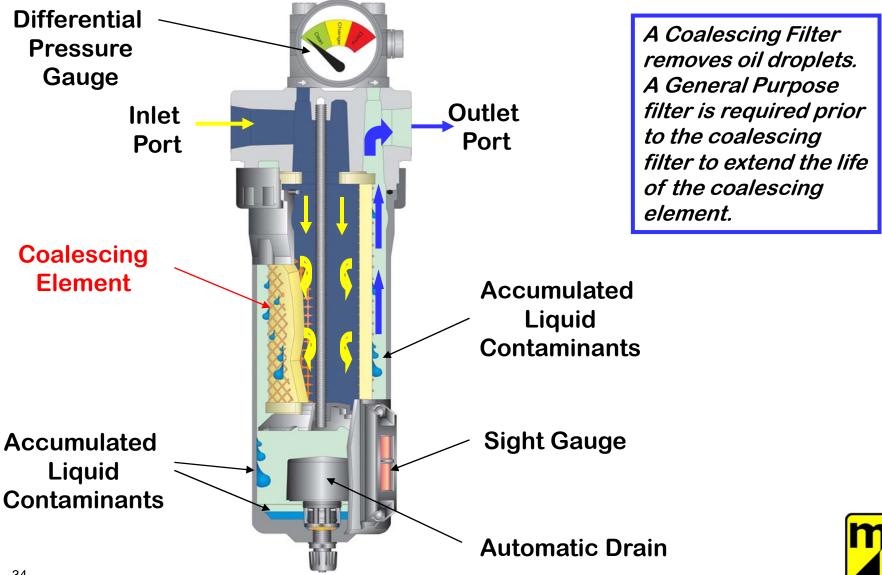
Filter Maintenance - Elements

- Accumulation of solid contaminants will result in excessive pressure drop across element.
- Differential Pressure Gauge will indicate when an element change is required.
- Note: A particulate filter should be installed upstream of coalescing filter to extend the life of the element.





Coalescing Filter – Section View





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MP Coalescing Filter - Benefits

- Remove unwanted oil from compressed air system
- A few examples/applications:

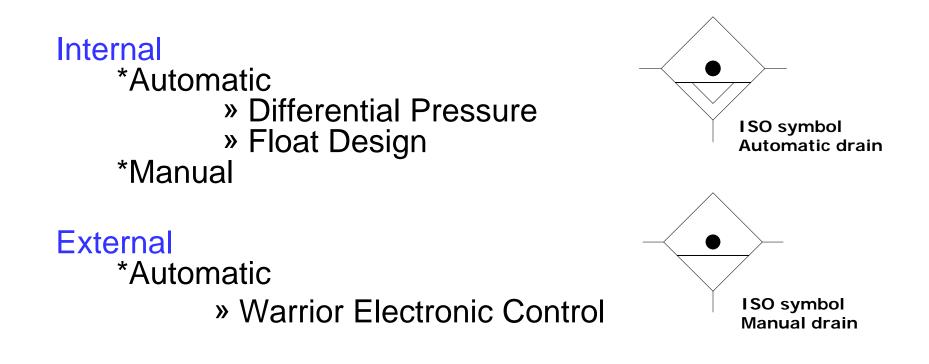


High Flow

- Sensitive air gauging equipment
- Assembly operations where oil film on parts is a problem
- Food and Beverage
- Packaging operations
- Painting and other film applications where oil presence will cause stencil or adhesion problems



MP offers Several Drains for Coalescing Filters



Hydro-Jector is not recommended for a Coalescing Filter.



MP Coalescing Filter Drains

External Drain

Internal Drains



Electronic Controlled Warrior Drain

Note: Hydro-Jector is not recommended for a Coalescing Filter.



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How to Select a Coalescing Filter

Flow requirement SCFM (I/s)

- Pipe Size and thread type
- Inlet & Outlet Pressure(s)
- Bowl material and Drain Type
- Temperature
- Chemicals present environment
- How fine of element required
- 1 C_v = 25 SCFM (11.8 I/s) @100 psig (6.9 bar) (ballpark)
- Compressor Horse Power X 4 or 4.5 = SCFM (ballpark)







This slide and the next slide are also available as a 1 page, front & back handout.

The "Complete Product Sheet" gives an overall picture of MP's range of coalescing filters. See catalog for more detailed information.



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Coalescing Filters & Port Sizes.

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FLOW RATE & OPERATING RANGES

FLOW RATE & OPERATING RANGES

	FLOW RATE (0.01-pm ELEMENT)		FLOW RATE (0.5-pm ELEMENT)	INLET OPERATING PSI			FLOW RATE (0.01-pm ELEMENT)	FLOW RATE (0.3-pm ELEMENT)	INLET OPERATING PSI	
	PORT	(PSIG laint) SCFM @ 5 PSI	(PSIG Indet) SCFM @ 5 PSI	Range (howl type)		PORT	(PSIG Inlet) SCFM @ 5 PSI	(PSIQ latet) SCFM @ 5 PSI	Range (bend type)	
0100	1.8 1.4	(91 PSIG) 6 SCFM (91 PSIG) 6.1 SCFM	(91 PSIG) 8 SCFM (91 PSIG) 9.5 SCFM	15-150 PSIG	03.00	1/4	(91.3 PSIG) 23 SCFM (91.3 PSIG) 25 SCFM	(91.3 PSIQ) 37 SCFM (91.3 PSIQ) 37 SCFM	30-150 PSIG (fost plastic) 30-200 PSIG (fost metal)	
8	1/8 1/4	(91 PSIG) 5.8 SCFM (91 PSIG) 5.8 SCFM	(91 PSIG) 7 SCFM (91 PSIG) 8 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (pleatic) 15-250 PSIG (metal)	ñ	1/2	(91.3 PSIG) 25 SCFM	(91.3 PSIQ) 38 SCFM (92 PSIQ) 80 SCFM		
10000	1.4 38 1/2	(100 PSIG) 20 SCFM (100 PSIG) 23 SCFM (100 PSIG) 23 SCFM	(100 PSIG) 27 SCFM (100 PSIG) 37 SCFM (100 PSIG) 42 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (plantic) 15-200 PSIG (metal)	F00830	38 1/2 34		(92 PSIG) 85 SCFM (92 PSIG) 72 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (diff. plantic) 15-200 PSIG (diff. metal) 30-150 PSIG (feat plantic) 30-200 PSIG (feat metal)	
D/mus	14 38 12	(100 PSIG) 28 SCFM (100 PSIG) 35 SCFM (100 PSIG) 39 SCFM	(100 PSIG) 35 SCFM (100 PSIG) 54 SCFM (100 PSIG) 82 SCFM	15-200 PSIG (diff. metal) 30-200 PSIG (foat metal)	HORECO	58 1/2 54		(92 PSIG) 78 SCFM (92 PSIG) 100 SCFM (92 PSIG) 118 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (diff. pleadic) 15-200 PSIG (diff. metal) 30-150 PSIG (fleat pleatic) 30-200 PSIG (fleat metal)	
in/min	54 38 12	(100 PSIQ) 38 SCFM (100 PSIG) 58 SCFM (100 PSIQ) 70 SCFM	(100 PSIG) 40 9CPM (100 PSIG) 75 9CPM (100 PSIG) 85 9CPM	15-200 PSIG (diff. metal) 30-200 PSIG (float metal)	101001	34	(92 PSIG) 100 SCFM (92 PSIG) 135 SCFM	(92 PSIG) 140 SCFM (92 PSIG) 160 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (dff, plastic) 15-200 PSIG (dff, metal) 30-150 PSIG (float plastic) 30-200 PSIG (float metal)	
PULLUT I	14 38 12		(92 PSIG) 48 SCFM (92 PSIG) 55 SCFM (92 PSIG) 62 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (diff. piantic) 15-200 PSIG (diff. metal) 30-150 PSIG (float piantic) 30-200 PSIG (float metal)	FOM OI	1-1/4 1-1/2 2	(91 PSIG) 240 SCFM (91 PSIG) 260 SCFM (92 PSIG) 580 SCFM	(91 PSIQ) 315 SCFM (91 PSIQ) 340 SCFM (92 PSIQ) 500 SCFM	15-200 PSIG (diff. metal) 30-200 PSIG (fost metal)	
PC10114	1M 38 1/2		(92 PSIG) 58 SCFM (92 PSIG) 40 SCFM (92 PSIG) 78 SCFM	15-150 PSIG (diff. pieutic) 15-200 PSIG (diff. metal) S0-150 PSIG (float pieutic) 35-200 PSIG (float metal)	BFC0201 B	34 1 1-1/4 1-1/2	(100 PSIG) 150 SCFM (100 PSIG) 170 SCFM	(100 PSIG) 185 SCFM (100 PSIG) 220 SCFM (100 PSIG) 240 SCFM (100 PSIG) 270 SCFM	15-200 PSIG (diff. metal) 30-200 PSIG (float metal)	
MASIER PNEUMATIC 6701 - 18 Mile Rd Sterling Heights, MI 48314 Planate (Sel) 254-1000 Fat: (Sel) 254-8055							(100 PSIG) 200 SCFM (100 PSIG) 250 SCFM (100 PSIG) 255 SCFM (100 PSIG) 265 SCFM (100 PSIG) 360 SCFM	(100 PSIG) 240 SCFM (100 PSIG) 250 SCFM (100 PSIG) 340 SCFM (100 PSIG) 340 SCFM (100 PSIG) 450 SCFM	15-200 PSIG (diff. metal) 30-200 PSIG (float metal)	

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Remember-

- General Purpose Filters remove WATER and PARTICULATES and should always be installed upstream of Coalescing Filters.
- Coalescing Filters remove 99.99% of oil & solids greater than 0.3 μ in size. An optional 0.01 μ element is available.





Series 350

Thank you!

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